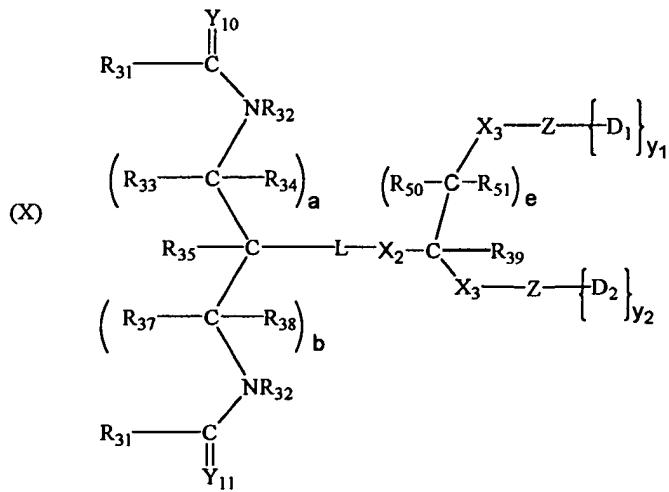


WE CLAIM:

1. A compound of the formula:



wherein:

R_{31} is a linear or branched polymer residue;

Y_{10} and Y_{11} are independently O, S, or NR_{40} ;

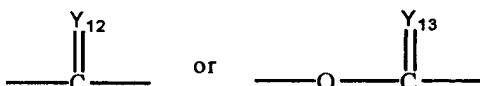
X_2 is O, S or NR_{41} ;

R_{32} , R_{33} , R_{34} , R_{35} , R_{37} , R_{38} , R_{39} , R_{40} , R_{41} , R_{50} and R_{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyls, C_{3-12} branched alkyls, C_{3-8} cycloalkyls, C_{1-6} substituted alkyls, C_{3-8} substituted cycloalkyls, aryls, substituted aryls, aralkyls, C_{1-6} heteroalkyls and substituted C_{1-6} heteroalkyls;

a , b and e are each independently a positive integer;

L is an amino acid residue or a bifunctional linker;

X_3 is



wherein Y_{12} and Y_{13} are independently O, S, or NR_{41} ;

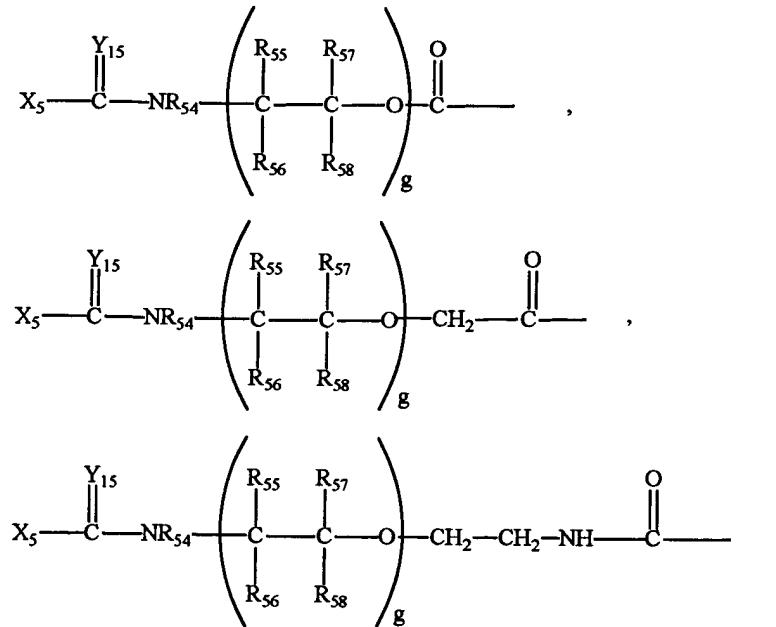
Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond, a moiety that is actively transported into a target cell, a hydrophobic moiety, and combinations thereof;

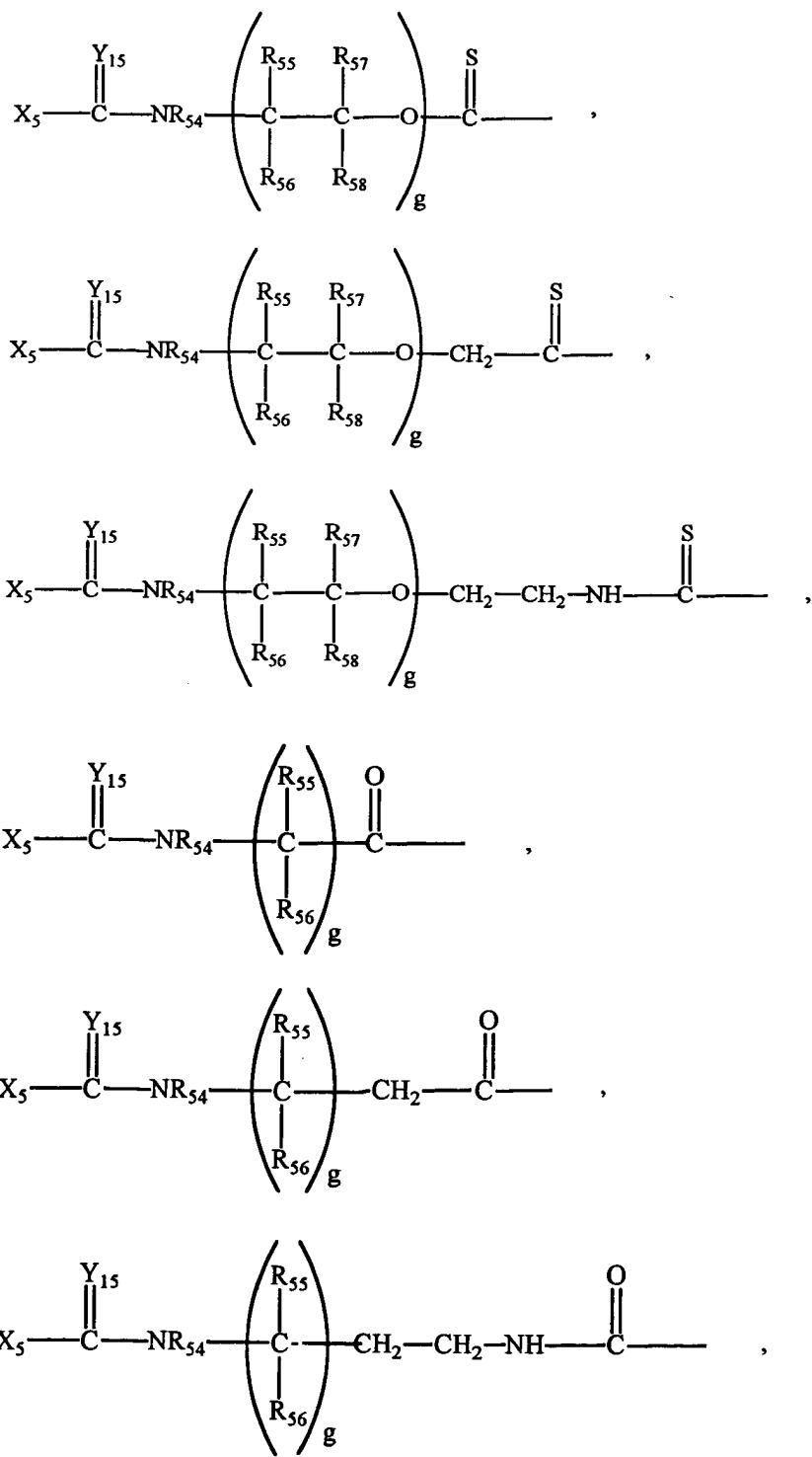
D_1 and D_2 are independently selected from the group consisting of OH, a

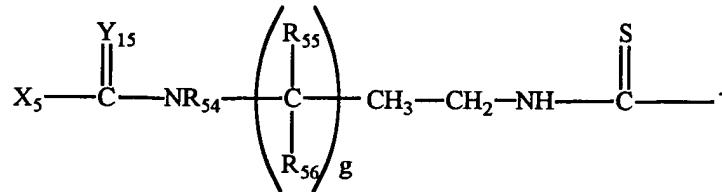
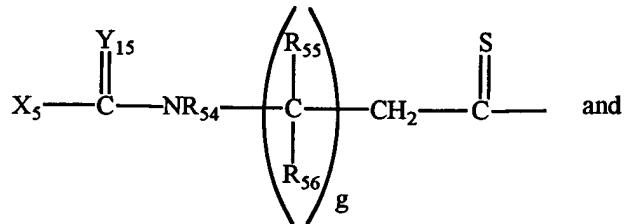
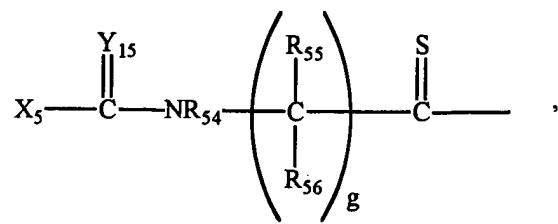
residue of a hydroxyl-containing moiety, a residue of an amine-containing moiety and a leaving group; and

y₁ and y₂ are independently selected positive integers.

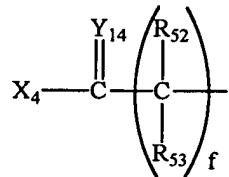
- 2. The compound of claim 1, wherein Y₁ and Y₂ are O.
- 3. The compound of claim 1, wherein R₂, R₃, R₄, R₇, R₈ and R₉ are H.
- 4. The compound of claim 1, wherein m and n are both 1.
- 5. The compound of claim 1, wherein R₁ is O-(CH₂CH₂O)_x or O-(CH(CH₃)CH₂O)_x, wherein x is the degree of polymerization.
- 6. The compound of claim 5, wherein R₁ is O-(CH₂CH₂O)_x and x is a positive integer selected so that the weight average molecular weight is at least about 20,000.
- 7. The compound of claim 6, wherein R₁ has a weight average molecular weight of from about 20,000 to about 100,000.
- 8. The compound of claim 7, wherein R₁ has a weight average molecular weight of from about 25,000 to about 60,000.
- 9. The compound of claim 1 wherein L is selected from the group consisting of:







10. The compound of claim 1 wherein L is an amino acid residue of the formula:



wherein X_4 is O, S or NR_{42} ;

Y_{14} is independently O, S, or NR_{45} ;

R_{42} , R_{45} and R_{52} - R_{53} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyls, C_{3-12} branched alkyls, C_{3-8} cycloalkyls, C_{1-6} substituted alkyls, C_{3-8} substituted cycloalkyls, aryls, substituted aryls, aralkyls, C_{1-6} heteroalkyls and substituted C_{1-6} heteroalkyls; and

f is a positive integer.

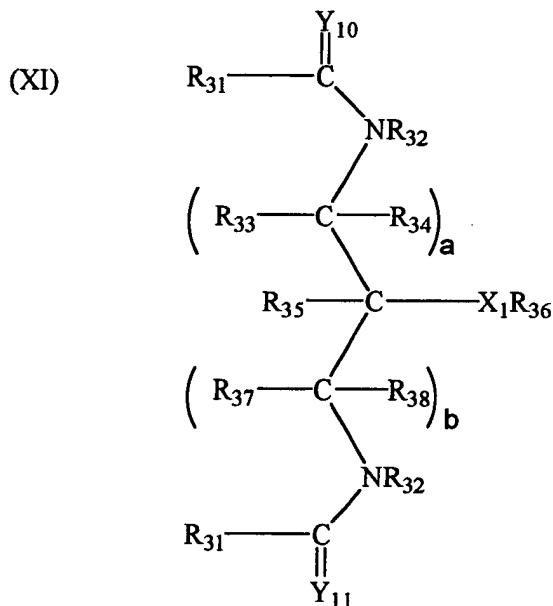
11. The compound of claim 1 wherein D_1 and D_2 are residues of an

active biological agent, an anticancer prodrug, a detectable tag, and combinations thereof.

12. The compound of claim 11 wherein the anticancer agent or anticancer prodrug is selected from the group consisting of daunorubicin, doxorubicin, p-aminoaniline mustard, melphalan, cytosine arabinoside, gemcitabine, and combinations thereof.

13. The compound of claim 1 wherein at least one D moiety is a leaving group selected from the group consisting of as N-hydroxybenzotriazolyl, halogen, N-hydroxy-phthal-imidyl, p-nitrophenoxy, imidazolyl, N-hydroxysuccinimidyl, thiazolidinyl thione, and combinations thereof.

14. A compound of
the formula:



wherein:

R_{31} is a linear or branched polymer residue;

Y_{10} and Y_{11} are independently O, S, or NR_{40} ;

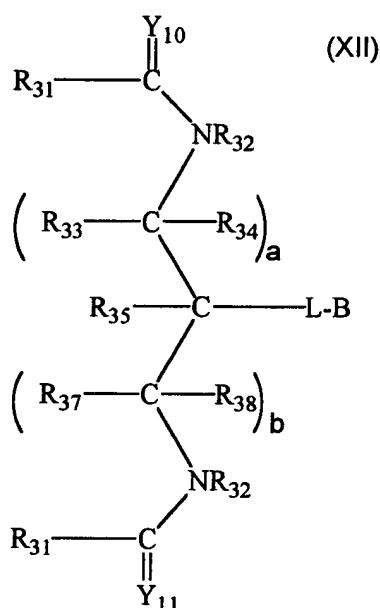
X_1 is O, S or NR_{41} ;

R_{32} , R_{33} , R_{34} , R_{35} , R_{36} , R_{37} , R_{38} , R_{40} and R_{41} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyls, C_{3-12} branched alkyls, C_{3-8} cycloalkyls,

C_{1-6} substituted alkyls, C_{3-8} substituted cycloalkyls, aryls, substituted aryls, aralkyls, C_{1-6} heteroalkyls and substituted C_{1-6} heteroalkyls; and

a and b are each independently a positive integer.

15. A method of preparing a polymeric conjugate, comprising reacting a compound of the formula (XII)



wherein

R_{31} is a linear or branched polymer residue;

Y_{10} and Y_{11} are independently O, S, or NR_{40} ;

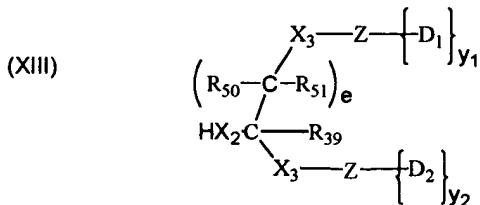
L is an amino acid residue or a bifunctional linker;

R_{32} , R_{33} , R_{34} , R_{35} , R_{37} , R_{38} , and R_{40} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyls, C_{3-12} branched alkyls, C_{3-8} cycloalkyls, C_{1-6} substituted alkyls, C_{3-8} substituted cycloalkyls, aryls, substituted aryls, aralkyls, C_{1-6} heteroalkyls and substituted C_{1-6} heteroalkyls;

a and b are each independently a positive integer, and

B is a leaving group;

with a compound of the formula (XIII)

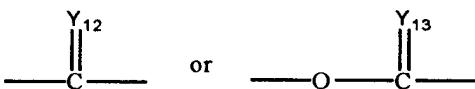


wherein

X_2 is O, S or NR_{41} ;

R_{39} , R_{41} , R_{50} and R_{51} are independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyls, C_{3-12} branched alkyls, C_{3-8} cycloalkyls, C_{1-6} substituted alkyls, C_{3-8} substituted cycloalkyls, aryls, substituted aryls, aralkyls, C_{1-6} heteroalkyls and substituted C_{1-6} heteroalkyls;

X_3 is



wherein Y_{12} and Y_{13} are independently O, S, or NR_{41} ;

Z is selected from the group consisting of a bond, a moiety that is actively transported into a target cell, a hydrophobic moiety, and combinations thereof;

D_1 and D_2 are independently selected from the group consisting of OH, a residue of a hydroxyl, a residue of an amine-containing moiety and a leaving group;

e is a positive integer; and

y_1 and y_2 are independently selected positive integers;
under conditions sufficient to cause a substitution reaction in which the compound of formula (X) is formed.

16. A method of treating mammals with polymeric conjugates, comprising administering an effective amount of the compound of claim 1.